

6th Grade Lighting Round 2019

Who was the author of the Pentateuch?

A – Moses

Name the 10 plagues.

A – Water to Blood

Frogs

Gnats

Flies

Livestock

Boils

Hail

Locust

Darkness

First Born

All of the 10 plagues in Exodus had a purpose, that is to say, they happened for a reason. What was that reason?

A – Each plague symbolically “killed” an Egyptian god, to show the power of the one true God.

Who translated the Bible into Latin and what was the name of that translation?

A – St Jerome and it was called the Vulgate.

Name the six attributes of God?

A – Power, Majesty, Wisdom, Love, Mercy and Justice.

What is the Threefold belief in Christ?

Christ has died – in history

Christ has risen – in mystery

Christ will come again -in majesty

What are the effects of Original Sin?

Human Nature corrupted

Our understanding darkened

Will weakened

Strong inclination to do evil

What are the 4 Marks of the Church?

One, Holy, Catholic, Apostolic

State the Seven Last Words of Christ?

A – I Thirst, Father forgive them for they know not what they do, Truly this day you shall be with me in paradise, Mother behold your son, behold your mother, My God, my God what have you forsaken me, It is finished, Father into your hands I commend my spirit

Name the books of the Pentateuch?

Genesis, Exodus, Leviticus, Numbers, Deuteronomy

Name 6 facts about St. Francis?

Born in Assisi, He was a party animal, he traveled to Muslim country to convert the Sultan, first to receive the stigmata, had a special relationship with animals, he received permission for his order from Pope Innocent III, started the Nativity scene, patron saint of pets, feast day October 4th

Name 6 facts about St Aquinas?

His parents were against him entering religious life, called the little ox, studied under St. Albert the Great, published by age 21, received his doctorate at age 31, patron saint of students, feast day January 28th.

Name 6 facts about St. John the Evangelist?

Was the younger brother of James the Greater, Jesus' favorite apostle, wrote not only the 4th Gospel, 3 Epistles and the Book of Revelation, Jesus called John and his brother the "sons of thunder," the only apostle that did not desert Jesus, Jesus addressed his mother and John from the cross and said, "woman behold your son, behold your mother, patron saint of authors, feast day December 27th.

What happened to St. Peter when he tried to flee persecution in Rome?

Peter was running out of Rome to escape Nero's persecution.

As Peter was climbing Vatican Hill he ran into Jesus going the opposite direction. Peter asked him, "Lord, where are you going?" (in Latin "Quo Vadis Domine). Jesus replied, "I am going to Rome to be crucified." Ashamed, Peter turned around and went back to Rome where Peter was crucified. However, Peter didn't feel he was worthy to die in the same way Jesus died, so he was crucified upside down.

What is the Communion of Saints?

Is the spiritual union of members of the Church living and dead. The communion of saints exists in the **three states of the Church**, the Churches Militant, Penitent, and Triumphant. The Church Militant consisting of those alive on earth; the Church Penitent consisting of those undergoing purification in purgatory in preparation for heaven; and the Church Triumphant consisting of those already in heaven. The damned are not a part of the communion of saints.

Name 6 facts about St. Joan of Arc?

Born in France on January 6, 1412, As a little girl she began to hear voices of St. Michael, St. Catherine and St. Margaret, At 13th years old she had a vision of Sts Michael, Catherine and Margaret who told her to drive out the English from France during the 100 year war, , at 16 she convinced two soldiers to take her to King Charles, Charles sent her to war dressed in armor like a soldier her presence boosted the morale of the regular soldiers and they won the battle, some French nobles conspired to hand her over to the English, she was tried as a heretic and burnt alive at the stake, a few years after her death the Pope had an investigation and found that she was innocent and declared her a martyr, feast day May 30th and is the patroness of France and patron saint to soldiers.

15. When does the Liturgy of the Word begin and when does it end and when does the Liturgy of the Eucharist begin and end?

The Liturgy of the Word begins with the Sign of the Cross and ends with the Creed. The Liturgy of the Eucharist begins with the preparation of the gifts and ends with the call that the Mass is ended go be disciples and make disciples.

Name the last 5 popes

Pope Benedict, Pope Benedict, Pope John Paul II, Pope John Paul I,
Pope Paul VI, Pope John XXIII.

Recite the Apostle's Creed

I believe in God the Father Almighty, Creator of heaven and earth.

I believe in Jesus Christ, His only Son our Lord, who was conceived by the Holy Spirit, born of the Virgin Mary, suffered under Pontius Pilate, was crucified, died and was buried. He descended to the dead. On the third day he rose again He ascended into heaven and seated at the right hand of the Father. He will come to judge the living and the dead.

I believe in the Holy Spirit, the holy catholic church, the communion of saints and the forgiveness of sins, the resurrection of the body and life everlasting. Amen

Recite the Hail Holy Queen

Hail Holy Queen, mother of mercy, our life, our sweetness, our hope. To you do we cry, poor banished children of Eve, to you do we send up our sighs, mourning and weeping in this valley of tears. Turn then, O gracious mother, your eyes of mercy toward us and after this, our exile, show unto us the blessed fruit of thy womb Jesus, O Clement, O loving, O sweet Virgin Mary.

Pray for us O holy Mother of God – that we may be worthy of the promises of Christ.

Recite the Prayer of St. Francis

Lord, make me an instrument of your peace
Where there is hatred, let me sow love
Where there is injury, pardon
Where there is doubt, faith
Where there is despair, hope
Where there is darkness, light
And where there is sadness, joy

Oh, Divine Master, grant that I may, not so much seek to be consoled as
to console,
To be understood as to understand
To be loved as to love

For it is in giving that we receive
It is in pardoning that we are pardoned
And it is in dying that we are born to eternal life.

Let's talk about Angels. Thomas Aquinas, often called the angelic
doctor, categorized angels into several subdivisions or choirs. Only
three angels are mentioned in the bible and they are called the biblical
angels – can you name them?

Michael the Archangel, Gabriel the Archangel and Raphael the
Archangel.

What were the spheres or choirs of angels that Aquinas named?

In the Summa Theologica Aquinas drew from Scripture, especially, Galatians 3, Matthew 22, Ephesians 1, Colossians 1, to develop his teaching that there are three triads or spheres of angels.

The First Sphere: Seraphim: literally translated "burning ones." Seraphim are the highest angelic class and they serve as the caretakers of God's throne and continuously shout praises: "Holy, holy, holy is the Lord of hosts; the whole earth is full of His glory!" According to Isaiah 6:1-8, the Seraphim are described as fiery six-winged beings; with two wings that cover their faces, with another two that cover their feet, and the last two they use to fly.

Cherubim: They guard the way to the tree of life and God's throne. The cherubim are mentioned in Genesis 3: Exodus 25, 2 Chronicles 3; Ezekiel 10, 1 Kings 6. Aquinas claims that Lucifer came from this category of angels.

The Second Sphere:

Dominions: Dominions supervise the duties of lower angels. They almost never make themselves physically known to humans.

Virtues: These angels are the ones who typically perform miracles in the world. Their name means mighty since they demonstrate some of God's might over the physical plane.

Powers: The primary duty of the "Powers" is to supervise the movements of the heavenly bodies in order to ensure that the cosmos remains in order. Being warrior angels, they also oppose evil spirits, especially those that make use of the matter in the universe, and often cast evil spirits back to hell. These angels are usually represented as soldiers wearing full armor and helmet, and also having defensive and offensive weapons such as shields and spears or chains respectively. represented as soldiers wearing full armor and helmet, and also having defensive and offensive weapons such as shields and spears or chains respectively.

Third Sphere:

Principalities: the angels that guide and protect nations, or groups of peoples, and institutions such as the Church. The Principalities preside over the bands of angels and charge them with fulfilling the divine ministry. There are some who administer and some who assist.

The Principalities are shown wearing a crown and carrying a scepter. Their duty is to carry out the orders given to them by the upper sphere angels and to give blessings to the material world. Their task is to oversee groups of people. They are the educators and guardians of the realm of earth. They inspire living things to many things such as art and science.

Angels: These are the lowest order of angelic beings, and the most recognized. They are the ones most concerned with the affairs of people. Within the category of the angels, there are many different kinds, with different functions. The angels are sent as messengers to humanity. Personal guardian angels come from this class.